7.1.6 - 1. Certificate from the auditing agency attested by the Principal.

7.1.6 - Green Audit

SIES Graduate School of Technology, Nerul, Navi Mumbai

Quality Audit Report 2019-20

About the College

The SIES Graduate School of Technology (GST) is established in the year 2002 at Nerul, Navi Mumbai with a view of promoting technical education and be a pioneer in the field of Engineering and Technology Education. Right from its inception, the underlying vision has been to excel through high-quality programs in teaching, learning, research, and development. We rank amongst the best Engineering Colleges in Navi Mumbai and Thane region, and we are known for our discipline and integrity.

The institute has well-developed infrastructure, green and clean conducive learning environment. Each department at the Institute possesses highly advanced state-of-the-art laboratories. We have a blend of young and accomplished teaching faculty members with many of them having doctoral qualifications and with deep professional and consulting experiences. The collective experience of our faculty members - in academics, industry, and research helps in imparting higher education in an interesting way that is both enjoyable and scholastic.

SIES Graduate School of Technology, offering four year Bachelor of Engineering courses in Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering, Electronics & Computer Science, Computer Engineering, Information Technology, Printing & Packaging Technology and Mechanical Engineering. We have total of 1683 students, 80 faculty, 54 non-teaching staff, 14 essential service staff.

Good education helps in the formation of character, strengthens the mind and intellect, and hones the skills of the students. Thus the college believes in imparting education to students for their all-round development to create ideal citizens of the nation. Also the college seeks to take initiatives to make the green and environmental sustainable campus which is also in line with the Mission 2025 of SIES.

Vision of the Institution:

"To be a centre of excellence in Education and Technology committed towards Socio-Economic advancement of the country"

Mission of the institution

1. To impart advanced knowledge in Engineering and Technology.

2. To transform young minds towards professional competence by inculcating values and developing skills.

3. To promote research and ensure continuous value addition among students and employees.

4. To strengthen association with industry, research organizations and alumni to enhance knowledge on current technologies.

5. To promote next generation technocracy and nurture entrepreneurial culture for social-economic growth.

S.I.E.S. GRADUATE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY Sr. Chandrasekarendra Saraswathy Vidyapuram Sector V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai 400706

Objectives of the Audit

Quality Auditing is a management tool comprising systematic, documented, periodic and objective evaluation of how well environmental organization, management and equipment are performing, with the aim of helping safeguard the environment by:

(i) Facilitating management control of environmental practices.

(ii) Assessing compliance with various policies which would include meeting regulatory requirements.

(iii) Sensitizing students about the growing environmental issues.

There are various Audits carried out at the institute which stimulates the environmental sustainability and evaluation.

1. Green Audit

2. Energy Audit

3. Environment Audit

PRINCIPAL

S. I. E. S. GRADUATE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY Sri Chandrasekarendra Saraswathy Vidyapuram Sector V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai 400706

1. Green Audit

The Green Audit of an institution is of a paramount importance these days for self-assessment of the institute, which reflects the role of the institute in mitigating the negative impacts of carbon emission. The institute has been putting efforts to reduce the emissions from electricity consumption by replacing conventional lights to LED, star rated equipments and instruments and by installing solar panel for electricity generation. The purpose of the green audit is to identify, quantify, describe and prioritize framework of Environment Sustainability in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards of Intergovernmental Panel of Climate Change (IPCC).

Objectives of the Green Audit:

The main objectives of carrying out Green Audit are:

a) To monitor and document the carbon emission from electricity consumption.

b) To record the diversity of plants and birds, total green area and potential of carbon sequestration from tree plantations.

a) Calculation of Carbon Emissions from Electricity Consumption

Sr.	Particulars	Observed value	Units
1	Total energy consumption/ day	53890.70	kWh/ hr
2	Total energy consumption/month	1185595.20	kWh/month
3	Total energy consumption/year	10670356.90	kWh/year
4.	Solar power generation from the facility of 189	175736	kWh/year
5.	kWp* Gross Energy Requirement through Grid /year	10494620.90	kWh/year

^{*}Only 20% of total solar energy generation is utilized

b) Green Cover Around the Institute

Sr. No	Name of the Plant	Habit	Family
1	Citrus reticulata	Shrubs	Rutaceae
2	Hamelia patens	Shrubs	Rubiaceae
3	Syzygium cumini	tree	Myrtaceae
4	Crinum asiaticum L.	Herb	Amaryllidaceae
5	Mangifera indica L.	Tree	Anacardiaceae
6	Furcraea Foetide (L).	Shrubs	Agavaceae
7	Ravenala Madagascariensis	tree	Strelitziaceae
8	Portulaca oleracea (L).	Shrubs	Portulcacea
9	Tecoma stans	Shrubs	Bignoniaceae
10	Eucolyptus globulus Labill.	Tree	Myrtaceae
11	Ficus religiosa L.	Tree	Moraceae
12	Caesalpinia pulcharrima (L)	Shrubs	Fabaceae
13	Psidium guajava L.	Tree	Myrtaceae
14	Fraxinus excelsior L.	Tree	oleaceae
15	Canna indica L.	Shrubs	Cannaceae

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Sector v, Nerur, Navi Mumbai 400706

18	Jasminum sambac (L) Aiton	Shrubs	Oleaceae
19	Camellia Japonica L.	Shrubs	Theaceae
20	Epipremnum pinnatum (L)	Hurb	Araceae
21	Syngonium Podophyllum Schott	herbaceous	Araceae
22	Tabernaemontana divaricate (L)	Shrubs	Apocynaceae
23	Cadiacum Variegatum (L) A. Juss	Shrubs	Euphorbiaceae
24	Ocimum basilicum L.	Shrubs	Lamiaceae
25	Nerium Olander L.	Shrubs	Apocynaceae
26	Cocos Nucifera L.	Shrubs	Arecaceae
27	Gleditsia Triacanthos L.	Tree	Fabaceae
28	Curcuma Longa	Shrubs	Zingiberaceae
29	Robinia Pseudoacacia L.	Tree	Fabaceae
30	Viburnum opulus L.	Shrubs	Caprifoliaceae
31	Hibiscus rosasinensis L.	Hurb	Malvaceae
32	Calotropis procera	Hurb	Asclepiadaceae
33	Caria papaya L.	Tree	Caricaceae
34	Plumeria obtusa L.	Shrubs	Apocynaceae
35	Polyalthia longifolia	Tree	Annonaceae
36	Agave americana L.	Shrubs	Agavaceae
37	Ficus elastica Roxb. ex Hornem	Shrubs	Moraceae
38	Pittosporum undulatum Vent	Tree	Pittosporaceae
39	Aglaonema Commutatum schott	Shrubs	Araceae
40	Colocasia esculenta (L). Schott	Shrubs	Araceae
41	Nephrolepis exaltata (L) schott	Shrubs	Pryopteridaceae
42	Albizia julibrissin	Tree	Fabaceae

Bird Diversity around the Institute

Along with the plant diversity, study on bird diversity in the campus of SIES Nerul was done, over a period of one year. A total 25 number of bird species were observed. In the Campus different species of butterflies were observed and planning for recording the diversity of butterflies in future so that biodiversity index of the campus can be identified. Following are the Bird's species observed

	Common Name of Bird	Scientific Name
1	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus
2	House crow	Corvus splendens
3	Common myna	Acridotheres tristis
4	Asian koel	Eudynamys scolopaceus
5	Greater concal	Centropus sinensis
6	White-throated kingfisher	Haleyon smyrnensis
7	Black drongo	Dierurus macrocercus
8	Common tailorbird	. Orthotomus sutorius
9	Oriental magpie-robin	Copsychus saularis
10	Red-whiskered bulbul	Pychonotus jocosus
12	Red-vented bulbul	Pycnonotus cafer
13	Common iora	Aegithina tiphia
14	Asian pied starling	Gracupica contra
15	Purple-rumped sunbird	Leptocoma zeylonica
16	Purple sunbird	Comyris assettens

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13	Common iora	Aegithina tiphia
4	Asian pied starling	Gracupica contra
15	Purple-rumped sunbird	Leptocoma zeylonica
16	Purple sunbird	Cinnyris asiaticus
17	Coppersmith barbet	Psilopogon haemacephalus
18	Green bee-eater	Merops orientalis
19	Rose-ringed parakeet	Psittacula krameri
20	Cattle egret	Bubuleus ibis
21	Pond heron	Ardeola grayli
22	Black Kite	Milvus migrans
23	Indian golden oriole	Oriolus kundoo
24	White wagtail	Motacilla alba
25	Domestic pigeon	Columba livia domestica

Potential of Carbon Sequestration from Green Cover around the Institute:

Sr.	Particulars	Observed Value	Unit
No. 1.	Total carbon emissions from electricity	9069.80	tonnes/year
	consumption at institute	170	No.
2.	Total No. Of Trees around the institute	108.74	tonnes/year
3.	CO ₂ Sequestration from trees Net carbon emissions in institute (1-3)	8961.06	tonnes/year

Recommendations:

- The gross energy consumption from grid is 10494620.9 kWh/ year. Total carbon emission from electricity is 9069.80 tonnes/year. From plantation data recorded from the campus, the CO2 sequestration is 108.74 tonnes/year. Hence, net carbon emissions from college campus is 8961.06 tonnes/year. It is recommended that carbon emissions reduction can further be done by usage of energy efficient lighting system, appliances and sensor based switches (smart switches). Further, plantation and installation of renewable energy system viz. solar power will reduced the emissions.
- The total build up area of institute is 15113.82 square meters and green area is 2205.33 square meters that is around 14.59 % of the total area. It exhibits that green area should be increased around the institute. The tree's are located only in 48.12 square meters area that is having potential for carbon sequestration. Plantation of more flowering trees and shrubs is recommended around the institute to improve the biodiversity of butterfly and birds.
- Emissions from official or un official transportation of staff can also be included to get overall
- Tree plantation around institute is accounted in the calculation. The consideration of total plantation around the campus may have further reduced the emissions.
- CO2 sequestration from soil can be included after getting total area of college campus in (hectares).

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Dr. Suna Misha

Director SIES - Indian Institute of Environment Management Sector-V, Nerul, Navi Mumbal-400706.

PRINCIPAL LE.S. GRADUATE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY Sandrasekarendra Saraswatny Vidyapuram Secror V, Nerui, Navi Mumbai - 400706

2) Energy Audit

Energy Assessment and Audit

This indicator addresses energy consumption, energy sources, energy monitoring, lighting and appliance. Use of Energy is clearly an important aspect of campus sustainability and thus requires no reason for its inclusion in the assessment.

> The methodology adopted focuses on understanding the existing energy consumption by various electric appliances in the college.

A walk through survey was carried out to understand the nature of the installed energy devices (fans, tube lights, AC, etc.)

> A total count of all the energy consuming devices/equipment was done.

Energy source utilized by all the departments and common facility centers and generation of Solar energy by installed solar panels of 189.7 kWp is audited in the report. The total electricity utilization of the college for different purposes is 10670356.90 kWh/year.. Energy saving is achieved through the replacement of tube lights with LED light and has been proved to be a good energy management for the institute. The CFL tube lights were reused in the college campus by replacing with the damaged tube lights. In addition solar street lamps are also installed in the campus as a non-conventional energy source. All Computers are used with power saving mode. Staff, students and the house keeping team are encouraged to switch off the lights, monitors and other equipment when not in use. All the computer labs have been facilitated with fans for reducing the use of Air Conditioners. Regular maintenance of Air Conditioners is carried out. Awareness boards are displayed to save energy.

Objectives of Energy Audit

The Energy audit is an effective tool in defining and pursuing comprehensive energy management programmes. It helps in energy cost optimization, pollution control, safety aspects and suggests the methods to improve the operating and maintenance practices of the system. It is instrumental in coping with the situation of variation in energy cost, availability and reliability of energy supply, decision on appropriate energy mix, decision on using improved energy conservation measures and technology.

a) Energy consumption

Table: Details of Energy Consumption in various facilities of institute

Sr. No	Equipments	Power used in (watt)	Power used in kWh	Us age per da y (ho urs)	Nu mbe r of appl ianc es	Watt/h	kWh/hr	Avera ge kWh per day (kWh /hrs× No of applia nces)	Average kWh per month (Average kWh per dayX22)
1	Tube lights	100	0.1	8	480	800	0.8	384.0	8448.0
2	LED tube lights	22	0.022	. 8	129	176	0.176	22.7	499.5
3	LED panel Light	20	0.02	8	170	160	0.16	273.3	6012.2

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1	AC 1.5 T	1120	1.12		6	560		5.6	33.6	739	08.0
- 1	AC 2 T	2300	2.3	5	36	115		1.5	414.0		864.0
	AC 2.5 T	2800	2.8	5	58	140		14	812.0	1	50,0
	AC 2.75 T	3000	3	5	5	150		15	75.0	1	55.0
	AC 3 T	3500	3.5	5	3	175		17.5	52.5	1	-
	AC 4.6 T	6000	6	6	6	360		36	216.0	1	52.0 88.0
6	Server	250	0.25	24	9	600		6	54.0		362.2
7	Switch / Panel	30	0.03	24	86	720		0.72	61.9	0.1).4
8	laptops	50	0.05	8	8	400		0.4	3.2	-	4630.9
9.	Computer	170	0.17	6	652	10	-	1.02	665.0	1	-
20	Smart boards	200	0.2	3 .	32	60		0.6	19.2		22.4
21	Printers	50	0.05	2	42	10	0	0.1	4.2		2.4
	Xerox Machine	1000	1	6	4	60	00	6	24.0		28.0
22	TV	120	0.12	6	3 .	72	.0	0.72	2.2	0.6	7.5
23	Water cooler	1200	1.2	10	6	12	2000	12	72.0		584.0
24	Refrigerator	150	0.15	24	4	36	600	3.6	14.4	-	316.8
25	LCD projector	800	0.8	-3	43	24	100	2.4	103.2		2270.4
26	Speakers	100	0.1	0.5	40	. 50	0	0.05	2.0	1	44.0
27		30	0.03	24	5	7:	20	0.72	3.6		79.2
28	CCTV DVR	2.5	0.0025	24	100) 6	0	0.06	6.0		132.0
29	cctv camera Dome		0.0025	24	1		0	0.06	0.1	+	1.3
30	cctv camera	2.5	0.0025							-	29.0
31	Bulleter cctv camera	2.5	0.0025	24	22	6	60	0.06	1.3		
00	Bullet	146	0.146	0.5	1	7	73	0.073	0.1		1.6
32		10	0.01	1	2		10	0.01	0.0		0.4
33	Weighing Balance	745	0.745	32) :	242870	2428.7		74	1068628.0
34	Lathe machine	143	0.715	60	1		0		0.		12266
35		1120	1.12	88	3 2		98560	98.56	197		4336.6
36	machine Radial drilling	745	0.745	12	2 1		95360	95,36	95.4		2097.9
31	7 Power saw	1120	1.12	19			215040	0 215.0			4730.9
-	8 Surface grinding	ng 745	0.745				25330	25.33			557.3
3		745	0.745				20860	20.86	20	.9	458.9
4	milling	745	0.745	DAY DO		2	95360	95.36	19	0.7	4195.8
		4000	4	8		ı	12800	00 128	12	8.0	2816.0
4	1 Portable Welding machine	4000									11000
-		ce 2500	2.5	1	20	1	50000			0.0	1100.0
1	13 Portable Drill		0.5		20	1	1000			0,0	220.0
-	machine 44 Portable grinding	600	0.6		30	1	1800	a 0 -a."		8.0	396.0
-	machine	20	0.02	,	8	Ī	160	0.16	5 0	.2	3.5
-	45 Load Cell	20	0.02			7					



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46	Calibration of tachometer	44.74	0.04474	1	1	44.74	0.04474	0.0	1.0
17	Electro Pnuematic Trainer Kit	1491.39	1.49139	1		1491.3	1.49139	1.5	32.8
48	Eletro hydraulie Trainer kit	1491.39	1.49139	1	1	1491.3	1.49139	1.5	32.8
49	CNC Lathe	3700	3.7	8	1	29600	29.6	29.6	651.2
50	CNC Milling	3200	3.2	8	1	25600	25.6	25.6	563.2
51	Rope brake Dynometer	180	0.18	1	1.	180	0.18	0.2	4.0
52	Cam Analysis	180	0.18	1	1	180	0.18	0.2	4.0
53	Motorrised Gyroscope	120	0.12	1	1	120	0.12	0.1	2.6
54	Universal Governor	372.884	0.37288 4	1	1	372.88	0.37288	0.4	8.2
55	Jominy & Quench	372.884	0.37288 4	3	1	1118.6 52	1.11865	1.1	24.6
56	Fatigue testing m/c	440	0.44	3	1	1320	1.32	1.3	29.0
57	Furnace	2500	2.5	3	1	7500	7.5	7.5	165.0
58	Abrasive belt Grinder	186.42	0.18642	3	1	559.26	0.55926	0.6	12.3
59	Double Disc Polishing m/c	186.42	0.18642	3	1	559.26	0.55926	0.6	12.3
60	Universal Testing m/c	1491.39	1.49139	8	1	11931. 12	11.9311	11.9	262.5
61	Torsion Testing m/c	559.27	0.55927	8	1	4474.1 6	4.47416	4.5	98.4
62	Universal Vibration	559.27	0.55927	1	1	559.27	0.55927	0.6	12.3
63	Static & Dynamic Balancing	120	0.12	1	1	120	0.12	0.1	2.6
64	Whirling shaft	120	0.12	1	1	120	0.12	0.1	2.6
65	Series and Parallel machine	372.84	0.37284	8	1	2982.7 2	2.98272	3.0	65,6
66	Centrifugal Pump	559.27	0.55927	8	1	4474.1 6	4.47416	4.5	98.4
67	Gear Pump	372.84	0.37284	8	1	2982.7	2.98272	3.0	65.6
68	Reciprocating pump Air compressor	745.369	0.74536 9 1.49139	8	1	5962.9 52	5.96295	6.0	131.2
70	test rig Francis Turbine	3700	3.7	8	1	11931. 12 29600	11.9311	11.9	262.5
71	Pelton Wheel	3700	3.7	8	1	29600	29.6	29.6	651.2
72	Air Conditioning Test Rig	1000	1	8	1	8000	8	8.0	651.2
73	Refrigration Test Rig	1000	1	8	1	8000	8	8.0	176.0
74	Ice Plant Test Rig	400	0.4	8	1	3200	3.2	3.2	70.4

Abs		100	0.1	8	1	800	0.8	0.8	17.6
		372.84	0.37284	8	1	2982.7	2.98272	3.0	65.6
C 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	mollis orem	372.84	0.37284	8	1	2982.7	2.98272	3.0	65.6
8 Me		372.84	0.37284	8	1	2982.7 2	2.98272	3.0	65.6
	mpisite wall	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
	g pipe	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
	sulating poder	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
	ee convection	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
3 Fo	rce nvection	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
84 Sh	nell and tube	100	0.1	2	ı	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
85 Ra	adiation heat	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
	ritical heat flux	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
87 H	eat transfer frent fins	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
88 U	nsteady state	100	0.1	2	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4
89 B	ench drill Iachine	372.84	0.37284	20	1	7456.8	7.457	7.5	1760.0
	pot welding rachine	8000	8	10	1	80000	80		6468.0
91 V	Velding nachine	4900	4,9	30	2	147000	147	294.0	328.1
	Bench saw	1491.39	1.49139	10	1	14913. 9	14.91		123.0
	Wood turning athe	372.84	0.37284	15	1	5592.6	5.593	5.6	114.8
94 \	Water Pump	372.84	0.37284	14	1	5219.7	5,220	5.2	59.4
	Abel's Apparatus	150	0.15	3	6	450		30.0	660.0
96	Redwood Viscometer	1000	1	3	10	3000	3		198.0
97	Hot Air Oven	3000	3	3	1	9000	9	9.0	18.5
	Cathode Ray Oscilloscope	40	0.04	3	7	120	0.12	0.8	11.6
99	Diode Laser	35	0.035	3	5	105	A SAME TO SECURE	0.5	11.6
10	Fiber Optics Trainer Kit	35	0.035	3	5	105	0.105	3.4	75.2
10	Function Generator	15	0.015	3	76	45	0.045	0.5	11.6
10 2	Hall Effect Apparatus	35	0.035	3	5	105		0.3	2.3
10	Planck Constant Apparatus		0.035	3	1	105	0.105		6,9
10	Sodium Vapour Lamp Apparatu	S	0.035	3	3	105	0.105	0.3	0.3
10	Blown Film	3.25	0.0032	5 4	1	13	0.013	10,0	0.5

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30 0 4 m 10 0 m 14 x 5 3 m 26 6 m 26

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5	extrusion								
10 5	Injection Molding	1.5	0.0015	4	1	6	0.006	0.0	0.1
10 7	Thermoforming	0.55	0.00055	4	T	2.2	0.0022	0.0	0.0
10 8	Vertical From Fill Seal Machine (VFFS)	0.55	0.00055	2	I	1.1	0.0011	0.0	0.0
10	Roll-On-Pilfer- Proofing machine	0.55	0.00055	2	1	1,1	0.0011	0.0	0.0
11 0	Universal Testing Machine	0.55	0.00055	4	1	2.2	0.0022	0.0	0.0
11	Oven	0.55	0.00055	2	1	1.1	0.0011	0.0	0.0
11 2	Offset Printing Machine	0.6	0.0006	6	1 .	3.6	0.0036	0.0	0.1
11 3	Fridge	0.5	0.0005	24	1	12	0.012	0.0	0.3
11	Cutting Machine	0.75	0.00075	1	1	0.75	0.00075	0.0	0.0
11 · 5	Stitching/Book binding	0.5	0.0005	1	1	0,5	0.0005	0.0	0.0
11 6	Light Exposing Unit	0.75	0.00075	1	1	0.75	0.00075	0.0	0.0
11 7	3D Printer	50	0.05	8	1	400	0.4	0.4	8.8
11 8	Electronics Instrumentation and control kit	10	0.01	4	24	40	0.04	1.0	21.1
11 9	Analog communication kit	10	0.01	4	43	40	0.04	1.7	37.8
12 0	TV trainer and pattern generator	45	0.045	4.	12	180	0.18	2.2	47.5
12 1	RF trainer kit	10	0.01	4	2	40	0.04	0.1	1.8
12 2	DSO	30	0.03	4	8	120	0.12	1.0	21.1
12 3	Rf generator	15	0.015	4	1	60	0.06	0.1	1.3
12	Signal generator	15	0.015	4	2	60	0.06	0.1	2.6
12	Pulse generator	15	0.015	4	1	60	0,06	0,1	1.3
12	CRO	35	0.035	4	64	140	0.14	9.0	197.1
12 7 12	Electronic Trainer kits	10	0.01	4	337	40	0.04	13.5	296.6
12	I phase load bank I phase	1000	5	6	1	30000	30	30.0	660.0
9	transformer 3 phase load	1000		6	2	6000	6	12.0	264.0
0	bank	1000		6	1	6000	6	6.0	132.0

}	Amitek make Radar training Lab	88	0.088	4	1	352	0.352		7.7	
3	Banch type Digital	10	0.01	4	12	40	0.04	0.5	10.6	
3	Multimeter Bread Board with power	10	0.01	4	26	40	0.04	1.0	22.9	
3	Supply Digital banch	10	0.01	4	5	40	0.04	0.2	4.4	
13	type Multimeter IC Tester	24	0.024	4	2	96	0.096	0.2	4.2	
5 13 6	LAMBDA make klystron based test Bench set	10	0.01	4	5	40	0.04	0.2	4.4	
13	lamp load bank	3000	3	6	3	18000	. 18	54.0	1188.0	
7	Logic Trainer	10	0.01	4	1	40	0.04	0.0	0.9	
13	Kit Microwave Test	10	0.01	4	4	40	0.04	0.2	3,5	
9 14 0	Etching	50	0.05	4	5	200	0.2	1.0	22.0	
14	Machine PCB Drilling	50	0.05	4	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4	
14		50	0.05	4	1	200	0.2	0.2	4.4	
14	Exposure power supply	24	0.024	4	23	96	0.096	2.2	48.6	
3	Electronic Kits	10	0.01	2	117	20	0.02	2.3	51.5	-
4								53890	0	
									Total	-
										7

*Electricity consumption data is for 9 months except for administrative office and exam cell.

b) Energy Generated from Solar panels

SIESGST has installed a grid connected solar energy system inside its campus. Phase-1 is installed in the year 2016 of 100 kWp, and phase-2 is installed in the year 2018 of 89.7kWp. Altogether giving around 20% of campus's electricity demand. So far both solar energy systems have given around 219670 kWh of electrical energy. Only 20% of solar energy generated in the campus is proportioned in the institute consumption. Since it is grid connected, wheeling is done automatically at free of cost whenever less demand is there in the campus because of no installation of net metering.

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10670

356.9

kWh/yea

Annual Reading for SIES Nerul from 100 kWp (2019- 2020):

Month	Reading in MWh for Nerul 100 kWp
Jul-19	5340
Aug-19	6960
Sep-19	5920
Oct-19	8060
Nov-19	9610
Dec-19	10290
Jan-20	1189
Feb-20	11230
Mar-20	14470
Apr-20	13710
May-20	12170
Jun-20	10960

Annual Reading for SIES Nerul for 89.7 Kwp:

Month	Reading in Mwh for Nerul 89.7 Kwp (kWh)			
Jul-19	5150			
Aug-19	6590			
Sep-19	5800			
Oct-19	8870			
Nov-19	7600			
Dec-19	7130			
Jan-20	8770			
Feb-20	9300			
Mar-20	12470			
Apr-20	10870			
May-20	9520			
Jun-20	699			

Energy Audit Report of SIES GST

Sr.	Particulars	Observed value	Units
1	Total energy consumption/ day	53890.70	kWh/hr
2	Total energy consumption/month	1185595.20	kWh/month
3	Total energy consumption/year	10670356,90	kWh/year
В	Solar power generation from the facility of 189.7 kWp*	175736.00	kWh/year
С	Gross Energy Requirement through Grid /year	10494620.9	kWh/year

*Only 20% of total solar energy generation is utilized

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Conclusion-

From auditing of the data provided, it is observed that the total energy consumption is 10670356.90 kWh/year. The energy generation from the solar power plant facility at the site is 175736 kWh/year. Hence, gross energy requirement from grid is 10494620.9 kWh/year.

Recommendations-

 The electricity consumption can further be reduced by replacing tubelights with LED tubes, installing smart switches and procuring star rated electrical and electronic appliances in future.

Remarks-

1. The auditing of electricity bills of last 3 financial years will further help in the identification of potential electricity loads and losses.

Mr. Omker khade (Lab Assistend)

NERUL.

Director

SIES - Indian Institute of Environment Management Sector-V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai-400706.

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3) Environmental Audit

This is a management tool comprising systematic, documented, periodic and objective evaluation of how well the institute is performing with the aim of helping to safeguard the environment by facilitating management control of practices and assessing compliance with the policies, which would include regulatory requirements and standards applicable.

Objectives:

Environmental audit is done to safeguard the environment and minimize risks to human health. The key objectives of an environmental audit are to:

- a) Determine how well the environmental management information systems and equipment are performing
- b) To monitor water usage and consumption.
- e) To implement waste management system.
- d) To monitor ambient environmental condition of air, water and noise in the campus.
- e) Verify compliance with the relevant national, local or other laws and regulations.
- f) Minimize human exposure to risks from environmental, health and safety problems

Areas of Environmental Audit

There are various categories where the environment conditions can be evaluated and audited.

Design Specification and Layout

This includes the infrastructure design to accommodate necessary measures for pollution control. Distributed Green area is available in the campus for controlling the pollution and refresh the air. The distant location of the campus from highway is one of the default measures in the same.

Resource management

This includes air, water and energy management.

- Solar panel: Availability of Solar panel in the process of energy creation and consumption is producing eco-friendly environment
- E-waste and solid waste management: Institute provides waste management in the form of ii) E-waste reuse and solid waste management. Use of e-submission and other waste paper management is one of the measure for recycle and re-use.
- Covered Dust bins: Dust bins are covered with facility of dry and wet. iii)
- Rain water Harvesting iv)
- Well ventilated infrastructure V)
- Eco-friendly bins made by students in the classrooms vi)
- Tree plantation is done every year. In and outside the campus. There are total 349 trees vii) planted in the campus.
- Reuse, Recycle and Reduce the use of papers. viii)

Emergency plan and Safety system c)

- Fire extinguishers and Emergency exit i)
- Special Provisions for handicapped students. ii)
- Medical and Health Facility
 - First aid facility

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- Regular medical camps for ensuring good health of student and staff. ii)
- Professional counsellor in campus iii)

Resource Wise Report for Environmental Audit

Drinking Water Quality

Institute has 4 water coolers located on every floor. The water to these coolers is supplied from UV water filters for drinking purpose. Drinking water is analyzed regularly as per IS 10500:2012 drinking water specification. It is observed to be safe for drinking from samples collected from all four filters and it is free from coliform bacterial contamination. The drinking water in institute campus is maintained by regular cleaning and disinfection of water tanks.

Drinking water analysis report

Sr.	Parameters	Water filter 1	Water filter 2	Water filter 3	Water filter 4	Acceptable Limit as per IS 10500: 2012
		Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
1	Odour	6.70	7.22	7.28	7.26	6.5 to 8.5
2	pH Value	6.70	-	+	87	300
3	Conductivity	89	86	87	01	-
4	Turbidity (NTU)	1	0.3	1.2	0.7	1.
5	TSS(mg/Lit)	180	80	220	20	500 mg/l
	TDS(mg/Lit)	40	78	80	80	500
6	TDS(mg/Lit)			Negative	Negative	Negative
7	MPN Index	Negative	Negative	Negative	Hogaerro	1

Water usage and Consumption

The study observed that municipal water supply and bore well are the two major sources of water. Water is used for drinking purpose, toilets, cleaning, laboratory and gardening. On an average the total usage of water at the institute is 67,801 liters/day, which includes 65,251 liters/day for institute purposes, 2000 liters/day for gardening and 250 liters/day for laboratories. One, rain water harvesting unit is also functional for recharging ground water.

For gardening purpose bore well water has been used. Gardens are watered by using sprinkler irrigation system to save water. There are 9 washrooms with 33 toilets. There are total 61 taps altogether including laboratories and washrooms. There are 39 wash basins and the flush tank capacity of 10 liters per flush tank in each toilet.

Water Consumption

Activity	Average liters of water used per activity (liters)	Average Number of times activity done per day	Average water used per person per day (liters)	Number of users in the College	Total water consumption per day
Washing hands and face	1.5	3	4.5	1831	4.5X1831=8240L

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Toilet flushing	10	3	30	1831	30X1831= 54930L
Drinking (cup)	0.5	2	1	1831	1831L
Laboratory					250L
Leaking/drippi ng tap (1 drop/ second /day)					NIL
For gardening	2000	1	2000		2000L
Cleaning/Mopping of floor	550		550		550L
Total					67801L

Rain water harvesting

Institute has installed rain water harvesting system in the campus. It is a recharge pit having 14 feet deep ring well, containing 13 rings. Capacity of recharge pit is 7000 liters. With this facility the flooding due to heavy rains at the basement area in the campus can be avoided. This also has helped in reduction of pH of borewell water from 8.5 to 7.3.

Recommendations:

From rainwater recharging pit situated in the campus around 7000 L of water is generated / day that can be utilized in toilet flushing after disinfection. The waste water generated from washing hands and face and laboratory can be treated for reuse in toilet flushing.

Mr. Omkor khode (Lab Assistent)

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Director

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Solid Waste Management System

Unscientific handling of solid waste can create threats to everyone. This addresses waste production and disposal of different wastes like paper, plastic, biodegradable waste, glass, e- waste, dust etc. and also recycling. Solid waste generation and management is an important issue. Survey focuses on volume, type and recent management practice of solid waste generated in the campus

- The total solid waste collected in the campus is 40 kg/day on an average. For waste collection, dustbins are provided in each classroom and corridor. The waste is segregated at source by i) providing separate dustbins for Bio-degradable and Non-biodegradable waste. Waste generation from tree droppings and lawn management is a major solid waste generated in the campus.
- Single sided used papers reused for writing and printing in all departments. Important and confidential reports/ papers are shredded and sent for recycling after completion of their ii) maintenance period.

Metal waste, wooden waste, glass waste and plastic waste is stored and given to Municipal waste iii)

The biodegradable waste from college campus is used for compost processing. The institute has 5 compost pits. The college has generated 500kg compost till date since its inception. The main iv) purpose of this is to reduce disposable waste in the college campus. After completion of the process, compost is used as manure in the garden, lawns and distributed to the students, staff and

E- Waste generated is collected at the common facility in the campus and disposed to a certified E V)

Two Sanitary Pad Incinerators have been installed in Girls washroom for sanitary pads vi) to be hygienically disposed

Solid Waste Management: vii)

Various types of waste generated like papers, wet waste etc. are documented and attached here for the reference. The graphical representation of stationary expenditure shows the decrease in the usage.

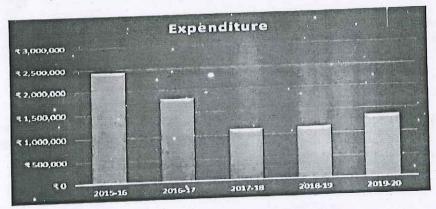


Figure: Reduction in expenditure of paper purchase by promoting reuse of paper from waste

The management of all streams of waste is properly planned and managed by the institute. However, systematic waste generation report for different categories of waste can be prepared by involving students that will be useful in proper projection of data and auditing.

Mr. omker thode (Lab Assistant)



Dr. Seeka Micha

STES - Indian Institute of Environment Management Sector-V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai-400706.

PRINCIPAL S.I.E.S. GRADUATE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY Sri Chandrasekarendra Saraswathy Vidyapuram Sector-V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai-400706

The ambient environmental condition of air and noise in the campus

- 1. Air and noise Quality control: The location of the Campus is 1.5 km from the main highway. The classrooms are also sufficient distance the main road.
- Restricted vehicles for parking: College has provided the restricted vehicles entry by providing stickers to keep track of vehicles in the campus.

3. Distributed parking space: The campus has parking space at multiple locations.

- 4. The institute has locational advantage of being well connected through local trains, state transport and hence most of the students/ staff commute through public transport.
- 5. Encouragement of Carpooling: As there is restriction on entry of vehicles, students and staff prefer vehicle pooling.
- 6. Noise Level measurement

The noise level measurements were carried out using Noise level meter. The noise level survey was carried out at seven locations, at outside as well inside the study area. The Noise levels monitored in the college campus as well as in side the classroom and found the noise level within the permissible limit.

Noise Levels at various locations of the Institute:

Sr. No	Location	Minimum Reading in dB	Maximum Reading in dB
1	Entrance	57.7	64.8
2	Office	56.2	63.1
3	Library	50.2	52.4
4	Inside Classroom	50.5	55.7
5	Corridor	53.2	64.9
6	IT Lab	50.3	55.9

^{*}Standard limits for Noise level as per The Noise Poliution (Regulation And Control) Rules, 2000 50dB (During day time)

Recommendations:

As per the standard limit (Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000) noise level 50 decibel is recommended in educational institutions. As per that noise level is slightly high near entrance and office. It is recommended to put green potted plants for reducing the noise level.

Mr. Omkor khade (Lab Assistant)

NERUL,
NATI MUMBAI
400 706

Dr. Seena Micha

Director

SIES · Indian Institute of Faul

SIES - Indian Institute of Environment Management Sector-V, Nerul, Navi Mumbai-400706.

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